

FACT SHEET -- OBESITY IN AMERICA

Leading health organizations around the world recognize obesity as a chronic and progressive disease process that stems from genetic, behavioral and environmental factors. This worsening public health issue is linked to many life-threatening diseases including type 2 diabetes, heart disease, obstructive sleep apnea, and certain types of cancer.

OVERVIEW

The U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) reports obesity effects <u>42.4% of Americans, the highest rate ever</u>. Studies show the disease can weaken or impair the body's immune system, cause chronic inflammation and increase the risk of many other diseases and conditions including cardiovascular disease, stroke, type 2 diabetes, certain cancers, and COVID-19. About <u>1 in 11 adults</u> (9.2%) have severe obesity.

THE DISEASE

- Obesity is a disease linked to multiple other diseases and conditions including type 2 diabetes, heart attack, stroke, sleep apnea, high blood pressure and certain cancers.
 - More than 90% of patients with diabetes have overweight or obesity -- obesity <u>worsens insulin</u> resistance while weight loss slows the progression of complications.

RISKS

- <u>Risk of mortality</u> increases with increased with body mass index (BMI). Every five units above BMI 25 is associated with about 31% higher risk of death.
 - BMI of 25-<27.5 -- 7% higher risk
 - BMI of 27.5-<30.0 -- 20% higher risk
 - BMI of 30.0-<35.0 -- 45% higher risk

- BMI of 35.0-<40.0 -- 94% higher risk
- BMI of 40.0-<60.0 -- 300% higher risk
- Moderate obesity reduces life expectancy by about three years and severe obesity shortens by 10 years.

LINKS TO DISEASE

- Linked to <u>30-53% of new diabetes cases</u> in the U.S. every year and has been major driver of the disease for the last two decades.
- Increases risk of developing high blood pressure and high cholesterol, both of which make heart disease or stroke more likely -- obesity accounts for <u>65–78% of cases</u> of primary hypertension.
- Over 70% of individuals with obstructive sleep apnea have clinical obesity based on BMI.
- Obesity is a major unrecognized risk factor for cancer, according to the <u>American Society of Clinical</u> <u>Oncology (ASCO) – increases risk for at least 13 types of cancer</u>.
 - Doubles the risk for liver and kidney cancer; 1.3-times the risk for colon and thyroid cancer.

THE ECONOMIC IMPACT

• Annual obesity-related <u>medical care costs in the U.S. in 2019</u> were nearly \$173 billion. Medical costs were \$1,861 higher for people with obesity.