

FACT SHEET – DIABETES AND METABOLIC SURGERY

OVERVIEW

- Randomized controlled clinical trials, clinical studies, guidelines, and worldwide experience has shown the superiority of metabolic/bariatric surgery over medical management of diabetes in people with obesity more achieve remission or glycemic improvement and improve cardiovascular risk factors.
- 38.4 Americans, or 11.6% of the population had diabetes in 2021 and 1.2. are diagnosed with the disease every year (<u>American Diabetes Association</u>). Obesity and diabetes are often referred to as twin epidemics.

Breakthrough in Plain Sight -- Metabolic Surgery is Diabetes Surgery

- Metabolic and bariatric surgery led to superior glycemic control compared with medical/lifestyle intervention (between-group difference in hemoglobin A_{1c} of 1.4% at 7 years and 1.1% at 12 years), with less diabetes medication usage and higher rates of diabetes remission. (JAMA 2024)
- American Diabetes Association's (ADA) 2023 Standards of Care in Diabetes recommends metabolic surgery as an option to treat type 2 diabetes in screened surgical candidates with BMI ≥40 (BMI ≥37.5 in Asian American individuals) and in adults with BMI 35.0–39.9 (32.5–37.4 in Asian American individuals) who do not achieve durable weight loss and improvement in comorbidities with nonsurgical methods.
 - Substantial evidence show metabolic surgery achieves superior glycemic control and reduction of cardiovascular risk in people with type 2 diabetes and obesity compared to nonsurgical intervention.
 - Also reduces incidence of microvascular disease, improves quality of life, decreases cancer risk, and improves cardiovascular disease risk factors and long-term cardiovascular events. Studies strongly suggest that metabolic surgery reduces all-cause mortality.
- **STAMPEDE Trial** (**NEJM**, 2017): Landmark 5-year study found over 88% of surgical patients maintained healthy blood glucose levels without the use of insulin; 29% of gastric bypass patients and 23% of gastric sleeve patients achieved and maintained normal blood glucose levels compared to just 5% of those on intensive medical therapy alone.
- Metabolic Surgery in the Treatment Algorithm for Type 2 Diabetes: A Joint Statement by
 International Diabetes Organizations published in *Diabetes Care* (2016) endorsed by 45
 international professional organizations recommends metabolic surgery for certain categories of people
 with diabetes, including those with mild obesity who fail to respond to conventional treatment.

Recent Studies and Developments

- Metabolic and bariatric surgery provides better long-term control of blood glucose levels in patients with obesity and Type 2 diabetes, compared with drugs to help lower blood sugar levels and promote weight loss, research by the Cleveland Clinic and three other U.S. medical centers suggests. (2024)
 - 50.8% of surgical patients achieved remission of diabetes at one year, compared with 0.5% of participants in the medical group.
 - $_{\odot}$ 40% of patients in the surgery group and only 4% of patients in the medical group were off diabetes medications at seven years.